OLD ENGLAND:
OR,
The *BROADBOTTOM JOURNAL.*

By ARGUS CENTOCULI, *Inſpector-General of* Great-Britain.

SATURDAY, MARCH 28, 1747. [N°. 150.]

To the AUTHOR, &c.

SIR,

Nam melius duo defendunt retinacula navem. PROP.

AS no Paper can be of Service to the Public that is not impartial, I don't doubt but you will do an Act of common Juſtice in publiſhing the following Defence or Juſtification of the Natives of *North-Britain*; who, I think, have been treated with too much Severity by a Correſpondent of your's, ſome Months ſince.

This Correſpondent ſeems to take it for granted, that no *Scotchman* can have either Senſe or Honour; and, as if this *Poſtulatum* was allowed, he runs on in an Invective againſt the whole *Scotiſh* Nation without Diſtinction. Give me Leave to tell that Gentleman that Railing is not Arguing, and that no Man of Senſe was ever convinced by it. Without looking back to former Ages, ſure there are *Scotchmen* at this Day who have *diſtinguiſh'd* themſelves, both in Arts and in Arms, for the Support of this *Iſland*; but ſuppoſe we ſhould fix the Criterion of all Merit to one Principle, that is, to an Adherence to the preſent Government, or the Love of our Country, which I am willing to make one and the ſame Thing: Let us, I ſay, try them by this Touchſtone, and we ſhall find that ſome Natives of *North-Britain* have gone greater Lengths to ſerve the Cauſe, than ſuch of their *Southern* Neighbours as have been loudeſt in their Pretences to Loyalty.

We are lately eſcap'd from a dangerous Situation, and perhaps it may be needleſs to ſay, that we owe our preſent Safety to the Conduct and Management of ſome *ingenious* Minds among the *Scots*. To avoid a tedious Enumeration of all that have exerted themſelves in this critical Time of Trial, I ſhall confine myſelf to three or four Gentlemen of the ſame *Name* and the ſame *Family*; who, like the *Fabii* in the Days of ancient *Rome*, ſeem to have devoted themſelves to the Service of their Country, and if not in the ſame Manner, yet in a Way not altogether new.

I know, Sir, it is often imputed to *Scotchmen*, as a Kind of Reproach, that they are *national*: The Gentlemen of whom I ſpeak are indeed *national*, but not in that confin'd Senſe in which their Cenſurers would have the Word underſtood; they do not entertain a narrow Partiality for *that* or *this* Corner of the Iſland; they conſider every Inch of *Great-Britain* as their Country; to the Good of the whole they are willing to ſacrifice their native Spot, their Houſhold Gods, their Kindred, and their particular Friends. The elder *Brutus* hath received the general Applauſe of more than two thouſand Years for ſacrificing his Sons to the Public Good: Theſe Gentlemen have done infinitely more; they have ſacrificed all *other Obligations* to the Service of their Country. One of theſe Gentlemen was for a while unjuſtly cenſured for entering into the late unnatural Rebellion, but it is now well known that he entered into *Rebellion* to defeat *Rebellion*: It is owing to him that our Enemies were divided and embarraſſed in their Councils; it is he, who broke them into Parties and Factions; it is he, who perplexed them in every military Operation; it is he, who ſaved our Army at *Falkirk* from being cut to Pieces or taken, by diverting the Purſuit; it is owing to the Oppoſition made by him, while amongſt them, to every Meaſure for improving their Victories, that they retired into ſuch a barren Part of the Country as muſt inevitably have ſtarved them, had they continued there a Week longer; and, when thro' Neceſſity they became deſperate enough to reſolve on attacking an Army vaſtly ſuperior to their own, it is he, who, by removing their beſt Men from what they call the Poſt of Honour, exaſperated their Minds ſo as to provoke them to go off without ſtriking a Stroke; it is he, who, by leading their other Wing aſtray upon their March, fatigued them with Labour and weakened them for Want of Food, ſo as to have neither Strength enough to draw their Swords nor to fly; in a Word, it was he, who delivered the Enemy into our Hands, and put an End to the unnatural Rebellion.

A Second was one well acquainted with all the Councils of our Enemies, and become a Kind of Favourite with the *young Adventurer*, and had taken Oaths of Fidelity to him. Having previouſly inſinuated himſelf into the Truſt and Confidence of many of his Adherents, he had the Skill and Addreſs to turn it all to their Confuſion and our Advantage; nor ſhould we omit the eminent Service of diſtreſſing and weakening the Enemy, by keeping back great Part of the Money entruſted by his *young Maſter* with him alone, to be diſtributed amongſt them for their Encouragement; than which a more eminent Piece of Service could not have been well performed, as it quite diſabled the Enemy from rallying or continuing the War; ſince which, he hath contracted ſuch an Averſion to every Individual engaged in that wicked Cauſe, that he is willing to contribute, as much as in him lies, to extirpate them and their Families from the Face of the Earth, not only thoſe who took Arms, but all that he could any way ſuſpect inclined to favour that flagitious Attempt; deſpiſing Affinity of Blood, the greateſt perſonal Obligations, and all other Ties, when they ſtand in Competition with the Love of his Country!

The Third, who has been well diſtinguiſh'd by the Appellation of Orator STRIX in ſome of your Papers, yields not in the leaſt Point of Merit to the other Two; tho' the beſt Part of his *Deſervings* is known but to very few, his ſingular Modeſty not allowing him to be the Trumpeter of his own Fame and Praiſes; it is therefore but reaſonable that others ſhould do him that Juſtice. At an Age when other young Men are purſuing trifling Pleaſures, did this Gentleman begin to think of ſerving his Country: The narrow Circumſtances of his Family not affording any Proviſion for younger Children, he found Means by the Intereſt of a Brother, equal to himſelf in Virtue and Honour, to draw a ſmall Subſiſtence from the Charity of the P——T——D——R to his M——y's C——n: But could this ſmall Tie or Obligation engage him againſt his Country? No, Sir, his Soul, ſuperior to all mercenary Conſiderations, took a more noble Turn! While he ſeemingly made Uſe of that charitable Support only to qualify himſelf for a Profeſſion, he did his Country moſt ſignal Service, by becoming the Canal of Intelligence betwixt this Brother and thoſe in the A————n of our Affairs, being thereby greatly inſtrumental in defeating the Projects and Deſigns of our Enemies.

Among Churchmen ſuch Things as pious Cheats have been practiſed and allowed; Stratagems and Ambuſcades, which are ſo many Frauds, have been always applauded in the Profeſſion of Arms; and Deceits, in the Management of political Affairs, have at all Times their Admirers.

Let me tell you, Sir, theſe are *honourable* Faſhoods, *virtuous* Deceits; and, as they were begun before our *Nurſling* had an Opportunity by Converſation with Men of greater Experience and more enlarged Minds of being ſet right, it ſhews that they proceeded from a Heart *by Nature inclin'd to Virtue*. When I compare this Gentleman with the Two mentioned before, I think of thoſe Lines of *Dryden* where, ſpeaking of one Poet comparatively with two others, he ſays:

——— *Nature could no further go,*
To make a Third ſhe join'd the other Two.

The *Orator* hath already taſted the Sweets of Preferment, but it is to be hoped that it will not ſtop there, for it will be no ſmall Comfort to the Subjects to ſee their Properties decided by a Perſon of ſuch a noble and diſintereſted Mind! who has given ſuch early Proofs of his natural Biaſs to ——— Juſtice, to the Family ——— on the Throne, and to our excellent Conſtitution in ——— Church and State. — May the other Two alſo be diſtinguiſhed by ſome great and remarkable Favours! May they enjoy a warmer Climate, and baſk in the Sunſhine of the C——t! and, after they all Three ſhall have made noble Alliances amongſt us, in order to raiſe up a Breed of *honourable* Men for the Army, the Cabinet, and the Bar, may they all Three meet with *their Due* and be *exalted on high*, for the Honour and Encouragement of their virtuous Poſterity; ſince, as we know not what Attempts may hereafter be made to diſturb the Peace of theſe Nations, it will be for their Safety and Glory that ſuch a *brave* and *honourable* Race ſhould be found amongſt us, who, in Imitation of their Fathers, may be ready, *in the like honourable Manner*, to devote themſelves to the Service of their Country.

SCOTUS.

This Day is publiſhed,
(Price One Shilling.)
With a DEDICATION *to* BUMBALIO,
The SECOND EDITION of the
TAFFYDEIS:
An Humorous Heroic POEM, in Honour of St. DAVID and the LEEK.
Arma virumque cano. VIRGIL.
By *Hywgi Ap Englyn Margonwc*, Son in the Ninth Score Degree of *Camber Ap Brute* the *Trojan*.
Printed for M. Cooper, at the Globe, in Pater-noſter-Row.
Where may be had, by the ſame Author,
The CONSPIRACY: A Poem.
Odimus accipitrem quia vivit ſemper in armis,
Et pavidum ſolitos in pecus ire lupos. OVID.
Nec numeri ſumus, et fruges conſumere nati. HOR.

*** *The Letter relating to the new Play, and the Players is receiv'd, but beg to be excus'd inserting it; 'tis not fair.*

☞ *In the Paragraph of News relating to Lord* Lovat's *Trial (near the Bottom of the first Column of the third Page) in our last, for* AFFECTED *read* affecting Speech.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

ITALY.

Nice, March 11. We hear from Villa Franca, that a Corſican Officer, in the Service of the Crown of Spain, has been arreſted there: It's pretended that he was going to Corſica to raiſe People for the Service of the Genoeſe. His Papers are all ſeal'd up.

Genoa, March 11. The Deſerters which come here aſſure, that the Auſtrians were making extraordinary Preparations for forming the Siege of this City, and that their Army, which had been conſiderably reinforced, was immediately to march for that Purpoſe: This News, at firſt cauſed ſome Conſternation here, we nevertheleſs, in ſome Degree, recovered from it, after having receiv'd certain Advice, that the French and Spaniſh Troops, deſtined to come to the Succour of the Republick, were embarked, and were actually under Sail with a fair Wind, keeping as cloſe to the Coaſt as poſſible to avoid the Engliſh Cruizers.

Five Engliſh Men of War, a Bomb-Ketch, and a Xebeck, have cruized ſeveral Days off this Coaſt; but they have not been able to prevent ſeveral Ships laden with Proviſions from Corſica, Leghorn, and the Weſtern Rivieras, from entering this Port. We learn by thoſe arrived from Monaco, Aleſſio, St. Remo, and other Places, that the German Troops of the Army of Count Brown were continuing their March towards Lombardy, and that they made but a ſhort Stay at Savona, where there is a Garriſon of 1500 Piedmonteſe: We have alſo been informed, that ſeveral Ships laden with Artillery, Baggage, and ſick People, were arriv'd at Vado under the Convoy of three Engliſh Men of War; and that an entire Company of Piedmonteſe Militia, deſerted and went to Monaco.

GERMANY.

Francfort, March 26. Public Prayers are offered in all our Churches for the happy Delivery of the Empreſs Queen, who is in the Ninth Month of her Pregnancy.

HOLLAND.

Hague, March 30. Yeſterday a grand Council of War was held at his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland's: All the Generals which are here aſſiſted at it; and it's aſſured that His Royal Highneſs will ſet out next Week for Breda, Maeſtricht, and ſome other Frontier Towns, in order to give the neceſſary Orders there for aſſembling the Army and opening the Campaign. Moſt of the Troops which are to form it are actually on their March, and the Hoſpital has Orders to ſet out this Day for the Frontiers. The Engliſh Troops which are to make the Campaign conſiſt of 13587 Men: There will be 18068 Hanoverians, and 6180 Heſſians in the Britiſh Pay: The auxiliary Body of the State will conſiſt of 35472 Men, excluſive of Huſſars, Independent Companies, and 600 Men belonging to the Artillery: The Imperialiſts will amount to 60258 Men, excluſive of the Garriſon of Luxembourg, where there will be 9800 Men. So that, upon the whole, his Royal Highneſs will have under his Command in Flanders this Campaign about 140,000 effective Men, beſides the Irregulars, &c.

Hague, March 31. Some Letters from Paris of the 23d ſay, that they had an Account from Spain, that ſome Engliſh Ships of War had taken and carried to Liſbon three Spaniſh Regiſter Ships, viz. the Nymph, the Fort and the Auguſta, two being outward and one homeward bound. Several of the Martinico Men were ſtill miſſing; they had Accounts of ſeven or eight being got into the Groyne; ſix were given over for loſt. M de Saxe was expected at Bruſſels laſt Night, without waiting at Paris for the Arrival of M. de Belleiſle, who is drinking the Mineral Waters of Vals in Provence. The firſt Succours from Toulon and Marſeilles ſailed the 17th inſtant for Genoa, after having been embarked ever ſince the 6th. Every Thing was getting ready in the conquered Netherlands for the opening the Campaign, and immediately after Marſhal Saxe's Arrival at Mechlin, a Council of General Officers is to be held. It was ſaid at Paris, that the French King's Equipage would be ready to ſet out by the 15th of April. We have no other Particulars of the French Expedition in the Marquiſate of Bergen, but that the Party conſiſted of the Picquets of Horſe and Irregulars of the Garriſons of Bruſſels and Louvain, commanded by M. de Clermont Gallerande, and that a great deal of Plunder was ſold publicly on Monday Morning at Antwerp.

IRELAND.

Dublin, March 17. Laſt Week died at her Lodgings in Queen-ſtreet, the Lady Aylmor, Widow of Sir Andrew Aylmor, Bart.

On Saturday laſt the Boyne Sloop of War arrived in our Harbour from a Cruize.

Laſt Sunday died William Gilbert, Eſq; Director and Manager of Newry-Canal, a Gentleman much eſteem'd by all his Friends and Acquaintance. At this Time his Death is as great a Loſs as could happen to this Nation, as he had drawn up Schemes for uniting many great Rivers, and making them navigable in different Parts of the Kingdom, and would ſoon have gone to Work on the Banks and Rocks of the Shannon, for this good Purpoſe if he had lived.

Laſt Wedneſday died at Athlone, the Rev. Mr. William Jones, M. A. of which pariſh he had been Vicar upwards of 23 Years; he was formerly Curate of St. Michael's Pariſh in Dublin, in both which Stations he diſcharged himſelf with ſuch Diligence and Affability, that his Death is moſt juſtly lamented by all his Acquaintance.

A large Snow from Carolina, bound to Briſtol, put into Dungarvon by contrary Winds, as was here put aſhore, overſet; her Cargo conſiſting of Rice and Buck Skins, is intirely damaged.

Cork, March 13. Yeſterday Morning died at his Seat near Mallow, Sir Matthew Deane, Bart. Knight of the Shire for the County of Corke: He was a Gentleman remarkable for his Hoſpitality and ſteady Attachment to the Intereſts of his Country. He is ſucceeded in Honours and Eſtate by his Son Matthew Deane, Eſq; Member of Parliament for the City of Corke.

SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, March 16. Mr. James Mackie, Miniſter of St. Ninian's, gave in a Memorial, craving the Recommendation of the Commiſſion to the Crown, with reſpect to the re-building the Church of St. Ninian's, and ſettling an Aſſiſtant to him in that Pariſh; which was agreed to.

The Week before laſt Colonel Haliburton, Brother to Haliburton of Pitcur, Eſq; was elected without Oppoſition, Member of Parliament for Orkney and Zealand, in the room of the Hon. Robert Douglas, Eſq; kill'd at the Battle of Fontenoy.

Laſt Week the Reverend Commiſſion of the General Aſſembly met, when ſeveral Letters were laid before them, repreſenting the miſerable Situation of ſeveral of their Brethren in the North, by Reaſon of the Depredations committed by ſtraggling Parties of thoſe concerned in the late Rebellion, upon them and their Families, and praying for Redreſs, &c. Among other Propoſals it was ſuggeſted, That Application ſhould be made for reviving of an Act of Parliament made Anno 1690, that every Pariſh in which the Robbery is committed ſhall be obliged to make good the Loſs.—— The Affair of Mr. Mann's diſloyal Practices was referred to the General Aſſembly.

Edinburgh, March 19. Friday Night the very Rev. Principal Wiſhart, D. D. was married to Miſs Fanny Deans, a very beautiful and agreeable young Lady.

Yeſterday as a Hackney Coach was coming out of the Caſtle, ſome Accident or other frightned the Horſes, and one of them jumped over the Iron Chain that fences the Bridge, where he hung for ſeveral Minutes till the Traces were cut, and he fell down into the Moat, and inſtantly died. It was exceedingly lucky the other Horſe went not over likewiſe, elſe all the People in the Coach had been kill'd.

On Tueſday died Mr. Hughes, one of the Managers of the Concert in Taylor's Hall, whoſe Learning and excellent Performances on the Stage, had juſtly gain'd him the Eſteem of all the Polite and Judicious, who had the Pleaſure of his Acquaintance.

Yeſterday Afternoon two Cart-loads of Small Arms, brought from the North, were carried up to the Caſtle.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Newcaſtle, March 21. Laſt Saturday died Cuthbert Conſtable, Eſq; of Burton-Conſtable, in Holderneſs. He was poſſeſs'd of an immenſe Eſtate; and his Charities were as extenſive as his Revenues; for he always had, and deſerv'd the Character of a Benefactor to the Poor, and a Father to his Tenants. He has left Iſſue one Son and two Daughters by his firſt Wife, Daughter of Lord Clifford, and another Son by his ſecond Wife, Siſter to George Heneage, Eſq; of Hainton.

Glouceſter, March 21. Thurſday Morning, the Lady of Thomas Tracy, Eſq; Daughter and ſole Heireſs of the late Sir William Dodwell, was ſafely deliver'd of a Son and Heir, at their Seat in Seaven Hampton, in this County, to the great Joy of that worthy Family.

On Wedneſday laſt the Aſſizes ended at Reading, when only one Perſon receiv'd Sentence of Death, viz. Joſeph Townley for ſtealing Heifers; and two were ordered to be whipp'd. And

Yeſterday the Aſſizes ended at Oxford, when John Hawkes for Bulglary, and Benjamin Burton for the Highway, were condemn'd, but afterwards repriev'd: Five were order'd for Tranſportation; and one Woman ſentenc'd to be whipp'd.

Briſtol, March 21. We hear that a Servant-Maid in Caſtle Ditch, has receiv'd the agreeable News of her having been left by a Gentleman abroad, a Legacy of 30,000 l.

Canterbury, March 21. Yeſterday Morning died at his Houſe in this City, after a long Illneſs, Alexander Hales, Eſq; Son of the late Sir John Hales, Bart.

The Rev. Mr. Jacob Omer, is preſented by the Right Hon. the Lord High Chancellor, to the Vicarage of St. John at Margare in Thanet, being void and for many Years lapſed to the Crown, by Ceſſion or Death of the laſt Vicar.

On Thurſday laſt was committed to his Majeſty's Goal, in St. Dunſtan's near this City, Robert Tong, charged by John Philpot, and John Sutton, upon their Oaths, with felonioufly and burglarioufly breaking and entering the Dwelling Houſe of James Scott, of Sheldwich, in the County of Kent, Huſbandman, in the Nigh-time of the 13th Inſtant, and ſtealing from thence one Copper, Value 30s. the Property of the ſaid James Scott.

LONDON.

From the LONDON GAZETTE.

Whitehall, March 24. The King has been pleaſed to make the following Promotions, viz. Robert Dalzell, Eſq; Gervais Parker, Eſq; and the Right Hon. William Earl of Harrington, to be Generals of Foot; and the Right Hon. Algernoon Lord Percy, commonly call'd Earl of Hartford, Sir Robert Rich, Bart. his Grace John Duke of Montagu, and the Right Hon. Richard Lord Viſcount Moleſworth, to be Generals of Horſe.

The French Miniſter at Genoa has receiv'd a freſh Remittance of 300,000 Crowns, and the Suburb of San Pietro d'Arena is preparing for the Reception of the French Succours, in caſe they can be ſo fortunate as to eſcape the Engliſh Cruizers.

M. Belleiſle threatens to re-enter the Territories of Genoa by the Paſſage of the Turbia, and the Valley of Menaco, in order to cover the Republic on that Side during the next Campaign.

The Paris Almain of March 28, N. S. concludes with the following Words: "We juſt now hear that a triple Alliance is form'd and ſign'd in Favour of the Genoeſe, which will ſoon cauſe ſuch a Diverſion among the Powers at preſent meditating the Deſtruction of that brave People, as entirely to diſengage and put them out of all manner of Danger."

The Prince of Heſſe Philipſhall, Governor of Bergen-op-Zoom, having ſent an Officer to demand the Reaſon why a French Detachment appear'd on the Territory of the Republic, we hear the ſaid Officer return'd with a polite and ſatisfactory Anſwer, which however they have thought fit not to make public.

Tueſday his Majeſty went to the Houſe of Peers with the uſual State, and gave the Royal Aſſent to,

An Act for continuing the Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, in that Part of Great Britain called England; and for granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland; and for applying a certain Sum of Money therein mentioned towards the Supply for the Year 1747.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Coaches and other Carriages therein mentioned, and for raiſing the Sum of one Million, by way of a Lottery to be charged on the ſaid Rates and Duties

An Act for repairing the Haven of Southwould in the County of Suffolk.

To Malborough Road Bill.

To Berkſhire Road Bill.

And to ſeveral Private Bills.

We are now aſſur'd there is a Bill on the Tapis for the Relief of Inſolvents, wherein, we hear, will be inſerted a Clauſe in favour of thoſe indebted to the Crown, ſome of whom have long languiſh'd in Priſon, and have no other Proſpect of being enlarged but by an Act of that kind. Such convincing Proofs of Grace and Lenity from the Throne and Parliament, cannot fail to glow in the Hearts of all humane People, and have its Virtue recorded to the lateſt Poſterity.

Wedneſday a great Number of Diſtillers attended the Houſe of Commons to ſollicit for a Clauſe in the Bill to enable them to ſell ſpirituous Liquors by retail, and a Bill was order'd in accordingly.

We hear that both Houſes of Parliament will riſe ſoon after Eaſter next.

We hear from Cambridge Aſſizes, that on Wedneſday laſt, a Cauſe of great Conſequence was tried there before the Hon. Sir Thomas Abney, one of the Juſtices of his Majeſty's Court of Common Pleas, between Mr. James Auſtin, and eminent Cheeſemonger of London, Plaintiff, and the Corporation of Cambridge, relating to the Tolls of Stoubich-Fair, being a Matter which concerns the whole Kingdom; when after a Trial of ſeveral Hours, and many learned Arguments on both Sides, the Jury, without going out, brought in a Verdict for the Plaintiff.

Wedneſday the Guard which has attended for ſeveral Months in St. Margaret's Lane, Weſtminſter, over a Party of Rebel Priſoners, was diſmiſs'd, the ſaid Rebels being ſoon to be diſcharged.

The Expence of the Government for keeping State-Prisoners, is upwards of Forty Pounds per Diem, and has been so for a great while past.

The Lord Lovat has petion'd the House of Peers for Leave for his Friends to visit him, and their Lordships have allow'd, that two at a Time might be admitted into his Apartment in the Tower to see him.

It's generally said, that Lord Lovat will be executed on Wednesday next; but it's said, that a Lady of high Rank, being touch'd with his great Age, had spoke in his Favour, and that possibly his Execution would be suspended for some Time.

On Monday Night last, the Right Hon. the Earl of Traquair, was brought from the Tower under a strong Guard to the Cockpit at Whitehall, and examined before the Secretaries of State, &c. when, as we are credibly inform'd, his Lordship made very large Discoveries.

Thursday Hutchins Williams, Esq; of Chichester, kiss'd his Majesty's Hand for the Dignity of a Baronet of this Kingdom.

By a Letter from Scotland we have an Account, that there are two small Parties of Rebels in the Highlands, headed by two desperate Fellows, which have done some Michief to the Monroes and others, but would soon be dispers'd.

Letters from Hampshire, Wiltshire and Suffex advise, that those Counties, for some Months past have been infested by a Set of Villains who have committed great Numbers of Robberies, but it's said, that two of the Gang are taken in their Attempt to rob a Gentleman, one of which has impeach'd the rest.

Last Wednesday Night Susanna Sockwell, alias Fishmonger, alias Wetson, was committed to the Gatehouse by Thomas Ellys, Esq; of New Palace-Yard, for violently beating a Soldier and his Wife. She behav'd with a great deal of Indecency before the Justice, and declar'd she would fight any Man or Woman in England. What is remarkable in her, is, she went down to Portsmouth, took the King's Bounty-Money, and enlisted in the Marines: She went thro' all the Exercise of a Soldier expertly; but just before her going on board the Ship, she was discover'd to be a Woman by the Taylor's trying on her Regimentals, who reported it to the Commanding Officer, and she was discharged.

On Monday last William Maynard, Waterman, was convicted by the Rulers of the Watermens Company before William Clark, Esq; one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Surry, in the Penalty of Ten Pounds, for contracting Matrimony in the Time of his Apprenticeship; and he not having sufficient to pay the said Penalty, was committed to the House of Correction for fourteen Days, as the Act of Parliament in that Case directs.

Extract of a Letter from Gosport, March 24.

"On Friday a Court-Martial was held on board the Duke Man of War, in the Harbour, to enquire into the Loss of the Hinchinbrook Sloop of War, when the Officers were honourably acquitted.

Yesterday another Court-Martial was held on board the Duke Man of War, on the Officers of the Hornet Sloop of War, to enquire into the Cause of the Loss of the said Vessel, and they were likewise acquitted."

An Extract of a Letter from Antigua, dated Jan. 15.

"About a Month ago Commodore Lee, with the Suffolk, Dreadnought, Sutherland, and Gosport, met with the French Fleet, of about 70 Sail, bound from Martinico to St. Domingo, under Convoy of two Ships of War, of 70 and 40 Guns; the Commodore made Signals to give Chace to the French Men of War. Our Ship ran through the Merchantman after them; but as they out-sailed our Ships, they drew them away from the Trade. Seven or eight Sail had struck to the Gosport, which she was obliged to leave, to follow the Commodore: However, they afterwards fell in with some of the Merchant Ships, and took five, one of which is said to be the richest of the Fleet; the others are not valuable.

Thursday the 1st instant the Commodore was watering at St. Kitt's, when there past by the Island for France 107 Sail of Vessels, convoy'd by two Men of War, of 60 and 50 Guns, two Frigates, laden with Sugar, two Indiamen, and the Galga, a Spanish Privateer, the same that formerly took the Comet Bomb off this Island. Commodore Lee slipt and went after them, as did a Philadelphia Brig. Privateer; and the next Morning, Capt. Woolford, in a Snow belonging to St. Kitt's, with 220 brave Fellows on board: —but the Commodore is since returned, having miss'd the French Fleet. The Gosport is now turning up, with the Prize she left at St. Kitt's. She took another of the Fleet; but there is no News of her since."

Thursday came Advice, that a Spanish Ship, laden with Guns and Stores, bound from the Havannah from Ferrol, is taken by the English in her Passage.

Capt. Price's Vessel, bound to New-York, was lost near Coney-Island, but the Crew sav'd.

The Expedition, Capt. Stevens, a Privateer of South Carolina has, in Conjunction with another taken a French Vessel, having on board a large Quantity of Pieces of Eight.

The Joseph, Capt. Mason, from Holland, bound to the West of England, is taken and carried into Gravelines by a French Privateer.

The St. George, Story, from Leghorn, that was run on shore on the Isle of Dogs, opposite to Deptford, was on Wednesday Afternoon happily got off; and 'tis expected she will get up to her Moorings a Thursday.

The Nassau, Capt. Romney, is lost in the North of Ireland: She was a Ship many Years in the Newfoundland Trade; but other Particulars are not known.

The Anson, Sibbald, from Leith for Holland, was lost on the Flemish Coast, and all the Crew, except the Master, perish'd.

The Lumley-Castle, Proctor, is lost off Foulness; the Cook, two Passengers, and seven of the Crew drown'd.

BANKRUPTS.

Thomas Wilson, of King's Lyn, Joyner and Chapman.
John Strech, of Henrietta-Street, Linnen Draper.
Edward Horsman, of Wolverhampton, Baker and Maltster.

This Day is publish'd,

A SERMON preached before the Right Honourable the Lord-Mayor, the Aldermen, and Citizens of London, at the Cathedral-Church of St. Paul, on Monday, January 30, 1746-7. being the Anniversary Fast for the Martyrdom of King Charles the First.

By *EDWARD BANYER*, D.D.

Printed for GEORGE STRAHAN, at the Golden Ball in Cornhill.

This Day is publish'd,

(Price One Shilling)

THE RESURRECTION. A POEM. In THREE PARTS.

By WILLIAM DOUGLAS, *M.D.*
Physician to his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales's Household, and Man Midwife.

Nosco meum in Christo corpus consurgere quid me
Desperare jubes? Veniam Quibus ille revenit
Ca.cata de morte viis. Aurel. Prud. Clemen.

PART I.

The Proposition.—The Invocation.—Description of the Prodigies, Forerunners of the approaching Doom of the World.—The Sun is darkened, and the Trumpet sounds.—The Dead arise.—And the Passions of the Good and Bad described.

PART II.

The Tribunal plac'd.—A Description of it.—The Affections of the Righteous and the Wicked upon the Sight of it; the Descent of the Messiah describ'd.—The Books are open'd, and the fatal Sentence pronounc'd.—The Just ascend in Triumph to Heaven; and looking back, see the World in Flames.

PART III.

A Description of Hell.—Speech of the Damn'd.—A Reflection upon it, in an Address to Sinners upon Earth.—A Description of Heaven, and their Employments there; with which the Poem concludes.

Printed for and Sold by G. Strahan, at the Golden Ball, opposite the Royal Exchange, Cornhill; R. Hett, in the Poultry; R. Dodsley, in Pall-Mall; G. Lewis, in Russel Street, Covent Garden; and J. Brindley, in New Bond Street.

Lately Published,

The Second Edition, *with large Additions,*

THE Civil Law in its Natural Order; together with the Publick Law.

By WILLIAM STRAHAN, *L.L.D.*

With additional Remarks on some material Differences between the Civil Law and the Law of England.

Some of the Contents are,

Of the Government and general Policy of a State.—Of the Power, Rights, and Duties of the Sovereign.—Of his Council and their Duty.—Of his Revenue, and their Duty who are employ'd about it.—Of the Means to procure Plenty of all Things in a State.—Of the Policy relating to the Use of the Seas and Sea Ports, &c.—Of the Officers and others employed in publick Functions.—Of Crimes and Offences, viz. of Embezzlement of the Publick Money; of Extortions, &c. committed by Officers.—Of fraudulent Bankruptcies &c.—Of the Order of judicial Proceedings.—Of the Institution of Criminal Prosecutions, &c.

The Present State of the Court of Rome, or, The Lives of the late Pope Clement XI. and of the College of Cardinals. Written originally in Italian, and newly translated into English from the Italian Manuscript, never as yet made Publick; with a Preface by the Publisher, containing Remarks on the Nature of the College of Cardinals; and a short Account of the Pope's Elevation to the Papacy, and the most remarkable Occurrences in his Pontificate.

The Maxims of Government, in an Advice to a Republick: Shewing how it ought to govern itself, in order to perpetuate its Dominion. In which are also consider'd the several Interests of all the Princes of Europe, with respect to the Affairs of Italy. By Father Paul, Counsellor of State.

The Art of Negociating with Sovereign Princes; of the Usefulness of Negociations; of the Choice of Ambassadors; of the Qualifications for succeeding in that Employment. By Monsr. Callieres, Counsellor and Secretary to Lewis XIV. and Plenipotentiary at Ryswick.

A Treatise concerning the Revolutions in Kingdoms.

Concerning the Causes of Revolutions, and the different Species of Changes that Kingdoms are subject to.

A Discourse of voluntary Servitude, wrote in French by Stephen de la Boetia, one of the King's Counsellors in the Court of the Parliament at Boudeaux.

All Printed for G. Strahan, at the Golden-Ball, over-against the Royal Exchange in Cornhill.

Just published,

(Price One Shilling)

A HYMN *to* LIBERTY,

CONTAINING

The Rise, Progress, and Effects of LIBERTY.

Vis et Tarquinios Reges, Animamque superbam
Ultoris Bruti, Fascesque videre receptos?
Consulis Imperium hic primus, sævasque secures,
Accipiet; Natosque Pater, nova Bella moventes,
Ad Pœnam, pulchra pro Libertate, vocabit,
Infelix: utcumque ferent ea Facta Minores,
Vincet Amor Patriæ. VIRGIL.

Printed for M. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noster-Row.

The so-much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in *Men*, and the *Vapours* in *Women*, so as never to return again, be they ever so severe, or of many Years standing, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual; and that by immediately striking at the very Root or true Cause, as well as removing the Effects, of those perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimick, by Turns, almost all the Diseases poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Rise from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigestion of Food; Whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Disorders in the first Passages, ill Fumes, sour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneasiness in the Bowels, which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Consent of Parts affect the Head, and produce sometimes Giddiness, Dimness of Sight, confused Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troublesome Sleep, Frights, groundless Fears, and the deepest Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehensions; at other times, Fits, flashing Heats, Reachings, Faintness, Lowness and Sinking of Spirits, and Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs or other Parts, with many convulsive Disorders, sharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakness in the Back, and other almost innumerable and grievous Symptoms, which miserably afflict vast Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their sharpest Paroxysms, these famous try'd and most pleasant Drops (which are Chymically prepar'd from the most valuable Specimens in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms and exalted to the highest Degree of Perfection possible) instantly quell, and at the same time annihilate their real Cause, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, rectifying the Digestion, occasioning laudable Chyle, and, of course, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and cheerful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves; So that both Cause and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are thoroughly removed by them, almost on the Spot, as the many Thousands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be sensible they are absolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and lasting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them; be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Hoit's, at the Cross-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions at large.

The True Cordial QUINTESSENCE *of* VIPERS, *the most Noble and Grand Preparation in the whole* Materia Medica, *for the real, substantial Cure of* Impotency *in Men, and* Barrenness *in Women; and is vastly preferable to* Viper Wine, *or any other Preparation of* Vipers *whatever, as being replete with the full and whole Virtues of them.*

A few Drops of it only, gives such a generous Warmth, and so exceedingly delights the Vital and Animal Spirits, Senses, and Nerves, as soon to shew what it will do, upon a little Continuance of it; for it not only promotes, and prompts to a Desire, but also furnishes proper Matter, for the Support and Establishment of a true lasting Inclination and Power.

By this Means it answers the End as well of Food as Physick; nor is there any thing in Nature besides, that can in that Respect come up to it considering that it universally nourishes and restores in all the Declensions of Desire and Vigour, without the least forcing the Vessels, or simulating the Parts, as most other Medicines for these Purposes do: And tho' it be a Maxim in Physick, that SINE CERERE & BACCHO FRIGET VENUS, that is, in effect, is to sufficiently nutritious as to want no Assistance that Way; not but it must be allowed, that good Eating and Drinking with its correct but in some Degree, at least as an Auxiliary contribute to its Efficacy.

Nor does it only furnish Matter and create Desire, but affords Power (as it braces up and corroborates the Vessels) and gives an elastick Springiness to the Muscular Erections Penis in Men, and corrects, cleanses, and comforts the Uterus, or Womb in Women, the Lankness and Laxity of the former, and the Foulness, Coldness, or Obstruction of the latter, being more the Cause of Impotency or Infertility, in the one Sex, and Indifferency or Sterility in the other than any Thing else besides; and that it is Balsamick, and greatly Restorative, is confirmed by long Experience, and we have many Instances in Physical Writings, of Persons arriving to a healthful old Age, as well as recover'd from deplorable Decays and Weaknesses, by a continued Use of the common *Preparations* of Vipers, which this Quintessence, by being of vastly more Efficacy, brings about in a Quarter of the Time, and with the Tenth Part of the Quantity.

Those who but once try it, will so pleasantly experience its nutritive quickening Properties, in exhilerating the Heart, reviving the Spirits, comforting the Vitals, circulating the Juice, and recreating and renovating, as it were the whole Man, that they will never be without it; for it is such a present Help, in Time of Need, as that on the taking then but a Dose or two more of it than ordinary, it will so instantaneously animate the dull inactive Spirits, and rouze up and actuate the sluggish enfeebled Faculties, in both Sexes, as to excite and capacitate where it could hardly be expected, and at the same Time seldom fails to render that conjugal Intercourse Prolifick. Price Half a Guinea the Bottle.

Mr. West, Goldsmith, who us'd to sell these Bottles, being lately dead, it is now Sold only by his Son-in-Law, Mr. Johnson, a Jeweller, at the Seven Stars in Vere-Street, Clare-Market sealed up, with Directions (for any Messenger) upon asking for only a Bottle of Quintessence.

ANTI-SIPHYLICON

THE only short and most infallible CURE in the Universe for the *Venereal Disease* from the slightest Infection to the most extreme and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Fresh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever so severe, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and so as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relicks, on one Hand, or a seminal Gleet, or Weakness, to happen on the other.

And the most inveterate Degree of the *French Illness*, attended with nocturnal Pains, universal Breakings-out, and all other the most exasperate Symptoms, are soon overcome by it, and effectually and much more safely cured than by Salivation, Inunction, or any other Method whatever, and in so easy and pleasant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occasioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to bespeak it the only apposite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and this some Thousands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

It is pleasant to take, occasions no Sickness or Disorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accomplished, without the Knowledge of the nearest Friend.

Those who suspect they have received an Injury may, by only a Dose or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehensions; for it suffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, easy, and most effectual Manner.

All such, likewise, as doubt they have some remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, by a few Doses of it, entirely free themselves from all Suspicions of that Kind; for it admits of no Foulness, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, on that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Foulnesses of the Skin, or glandulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Dose than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this most noble *Anti-Sibhylicon* is but six Shillings a Pot, which, considering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being sufficient, in most Cases, to accomplish the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is appointed by the Author to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toy-shop, at the Rose and Crown, against St. Clement's Church-yard, in the Strand, ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, by the Perusal of which all Persons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Disease* may perfectly understand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Poison* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies. Note, *Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy.*

Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses of all Kinds.

ALL judicious Physicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses whether occasion'd by too severe purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Strains, Pollutions, or any other Cause whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Consequences, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain since they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous System, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorsalis or Consumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Consumption which frequently terminate in Death itself.

All such therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old Stubborn Gleets, Seminal Effusions, Involuntary Emissions, excessive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakness of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetis, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtless be glad to meet with a certain, safe and speedy Cure, which they must assuredly way, by the taking only a small Quantity of a transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary, now published for a general Good, after having for many Years in private Practice been experienced never once to fail perfectly curing the most Stubborn Gleets known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as also all other Weaknesses of the Back, Reins, Seminal Vessels and Urinary Passages, which it almost instantly cures, bringing to rights and restoring all those Parts and Passages to their natural Tone and pristine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doses of it only.

This transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary is neither disagreeable to take, nor occasions the least Disorder, but is a wonderful Restorative in all Weakness and Decay of Constitution of any Kind, and particularly strengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Vessels, to an immense Degree, insomuch that in any Debility of them, one Dose of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Persons fatigued with Gleets or Seminal Weaknesses of any Sort, or Weaknesses of the Urinary Vessels, who take it, will in three Days time find it so very effectual, that they will be most agreeably surprized at it.

When a Medicine will infallibly accomplish such a safe, speedy and perfect Cure of such difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been try'd in vain; too much cannot be said in Praise of it, and this all who ever took it for any of the above mention'd Purposes, have readily declared.

The Price is but 6s. a Pot, altho' for its absolute Efficacy, one Pot alone being sufficient in most Cases to accomplish a Cure, worth ten times as much, and by the Author's Special Appointment, is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toyshop at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church Yard in the Strand, ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, which whomsoever carefully reads will be complete Master of his own Case, and perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakness he is afflicted with succeeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the Foul Disease is intirely extirpated or not.

Note, Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balsamick Electuary.

An infallible and instant Cure for DEAFNESS

THICKNESS of HEARING, PAIN, or NOISE in the EARS, &c.

By the true, chymical, specifick DROPS.

WHICH infinitely excel all other Medicines ever offered to the Publick, or known in the whole World; for they directly cure Deafness, be it ever so bad, or of ever so long standing, and all Thickness of Hearing and Noise in the Ears, almost at once and that after all other Means have failed, and without Trouble of the least Uneasiness, as many Thousands have experienced.

They Effectually remove all Pain occasioned by Cold, strengthen the Tympanum or Drum of the Ear, free the auditory Nerve from Obstruction, and infallibly cure all Defects of the Hearing Faculty almost in an Instant; causing those to hear exceeding quick and well, who were before in a Manner totally deaf.

Hundreds who were not able to hear a Drum when beat close by them, and therefore despair'd of being ever reliev'd, have been immediately and perfectly cured by them, to their great Joy and Admiration.

In a Word, they may absolutely be depended upon for the direct and infallible Cure of DEAFNESS proceeding from what Cause soever; but the great Esteem and Reputation they have deservedly gained for many Years past, have occasioned (as usual in such Cases) many Counterfeits to come Abroad. Beware therefore of such Impositions. These chymical and only true Specifick Drops being by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at the Gentlewoman's, at the Two Blue Posts in Haydon-Yard in the Minories, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle with Directions, and no where else in England.

The only short and infallible Cure for that reigning Disease the SCURVY, and all Scorbutick Humours, tho' arrived in the highest or most inveterate Degree, or of ever so many Years standing, and that without any sensible Evacuation, or the least Purging, which, by an unaccountable Mistake, is Generally advised, altho always found rather to encrease and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.

By the so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the least Trouble, Confinement, or any Disorder whatever, dost once strike at the true Cause of the Scurvy, and entirely destroy it, and all Scorbutick Humors and Effects, Root and Branch, so as never to return again, as many Thousands of both Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them in Three Days Time are convinced; for they almost instantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, sweeten all the Fluids, cleanse them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Blotches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings out, Weakness of the Limbs, languid Heaviness of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakness of the Back, and all the vast Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and often lies conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatism, and many other Distempers.

And for strengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, causing a regular and easy Digestion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Disorders of the first Passages, (whence proceed Head-Achs, Vapours, and other Indispositions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them; insomuch that besides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearances they assuredly and directly cure the Green-Sickness in Virgins, Worms, of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almost all other Chronick Diseases, which are chiefly occasioned by Indigestion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Illnesses.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Restorative, strengthen and enen the whole Machine, and as soon as taken, make the Patient pleasantly lightsome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Persons, to preserve as well as to procure a sound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation these so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS have so universally gain'd among Persons of Eminence, for their suddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors, and other Chronick Diseases, in such an easy and agreeable Manner, have occasioned many to imitate them, some under the same, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be sure to have the Right, which, by the Author's special Appointment, are to be had, only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, at 3s. 6d a Bottle, with Directions.

Dr. R. NELSON's *long-experienced* COMPOUND, *or never-failing Anti-Venereal Electuary, the like of which is not to be met with,*

FOR the true Cure of fresh Veneral Injuries, (and all the lurking Relicks or Remains of old ones) how virulent or obstinate soever they may be; for it immediately puts a Stop to their Progress, and entirely, and, as it were, instantly, ferrets out, and carries off all the filthy poisonous Infection, wears away the various Symptoms, and by Degrees cleanses off the Running, and heals and strengthens the Parts, sensibly and firmly, without the too common Consequences of leaving either Foulness, Gleeting, or Weakness behind. This it does in a Way so regular and gentle, both by Stool and Urine, and with a Dose, each Time, so small and pleasant (the Quantity but of a Nutmeg) that the nicest Persons are as well surprized as delighted with it, and the more, as it agrees with every one's Constitution, hinders no Business, nor gives the least Suspicion to the nearest Relation.

In a very small Space of Time (living temperately) it rids away a mild CLAP, and those more severe, according to their several Degrees of Malignity.

There never was, nor can be in the whole Art of Physick contrived, any Medicine or Method capable of performing the Cure more certainly, more safely, or more speedily, for it is so compleatly adapted to every Circumstance of the Infection, and so fully answers the several Intentions of curing, that it is impossible it should once fail.

But no more need to be said of it, for it will recommend it self, insomuch that no Person will ever after seek for Cure himself, or advise his Friend to any other Remedy.

Price 5s. the Tin-Pot. Prepar'd only by the Doctor, as aboveſaid and left (sealed up with Directions) at Mr. Corbet's Bookseller, at Addison's Head, opposite St. Dunstan's Church, Fleetstreet, and by Mr. Cook, under the Royal-Exchange; where it may be had by any Messenger, asking only for a 5s. Pot of the COMPOUND.

The Royal BEAUTIFYING FLUID,

SO exceedingly valued by the Ladies of Quality, and all who have used it, for its transcendent Excellency in beautifying the Face Neck and Hands to the most exquisite perfection possible, is to be had only at Mr. RADFORD's Toyshop at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church-Yard in the Strand.

It gives an inexpressible fine Aire to the Features of the Face on the Spot, and a surprizing handsomeness to the Neck and Hands, which it immediately makes exceeding smooth, fine and delicately white.

Nothing in the World can sooner or more certainly take away all disagreeable Redness, Spots, Pimples, Heats, Roughness, Morphews Worms in the Face, Marks of the Small pox, Sunburn or any other Discolouring, nor remove all Wrinckles so perfectly; for it quickly makes the Skin become so incomparable fine, clear, plump, soft, and beautifully fair as to cause Admiration in the Beholders.

It really gives a most engaging resplendent Brightness to the whole Countenance, and causes sparkling Life, Spirit, and juvenile Bloom to reign in every Feature, and yet is nothing of Paint, but far exceeds it, by its bringing the Skin, whether of the Face, Neck or Hands, and tho' brown, red or rough, to a natural youthful Fairness, smoothness and most charming Delicacy, which Paint only faintly imitates; neither is this Royal Beautifier prepared from the least particle of Mercury, or any thing Metaline, but is perfectly Harmless, and may be given inwardly even to Children. It has also a pleasant Scent, will not foil the finest Lawn, and is very agreeable to use.

But these its admirable Properties, by which it vastly exceeds any thing whatever for the like Purpose, have occasion'd many to imitate it under various other Names, beware therefore of such impositions; the true ROYAL BEAUTIFYING FLUID, that has given such universal Satisfaction to so many Ladies of Distinction, being only to be had at *Mr. Radford's* Toyshop at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church-Yard in the Strand, as above-mentioned for 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions, and no where else in England.

To all Gentlemen, Builders, and Others.

THOMAS ETTERIDGE, COLOURMAN,

(*Son-in-Law to the late Mr.* JOSEPH EMERTON, *who in his Life-time chiefly managed his Business*)

At the BELL *and* SUN, *over-against Norfolk-Street, between St. Clement's and the New Church in the Strand, London,*

CONTINUES to Sell, in the same Manner his late Father did, all Sorts of COLOURS, ready prepared (at the lowest Prices) that any Gentlemen, Builders, &c may see their Servants or Labourers to Paint their Houses, only by the Help of a printed Direction, which he gives with his Colours.

He likewise sells to the Ladies all sorts of WATER COLOURS and VARNISH with every thing necessary for the New Japanning; and gives a printed Direction, for the doing of it to the greatest Perfection, to those that buy Colours. Also Italian Powder for cleaning Pictures, and fine Picture Varnish.

He deals only for READY MONEY.

His House faces Norfolk-Street, and not Arundel Street, in the Strand.

A Treatise,— On

TAR-WATER.

Shewing the Nature, and Virtues of it: Who, and Who Not, it is Proper for:

The Best Way of Making it: How to make it Drink Agreeable, For,

There is but ONE Only Way: Where to Buy the TAR, and the Price of it.

With Many Other Curious Particulars, Concerning the Use of it, &c. For the Information of the Publick.

It is GIVEN GRATIS, in LONG-ACRE, Hereafter Mentioned.

For Children's TEETH, &c.

CHILDREN at Death's Door, With their TEETH, Fits, Fevers, Convulsions, Gripes, Loosenesses, &c. All from Cutting their TEETH,

Have Presently Cut their TEETH, with Safety, without Notice of Pain, and Recovered, After having Wore the Famous ANODYNE NECKLACE but Only One Night's Time,

And, Have from that Time, Grown Surprisingly Lusty, and Strong, and Thrived Apace, to the Amazement of Every One,

There not being Another such a Remedy, this Day, in the World again, As a Long Experience (without Any Complaint) has, and Daily does Shew; And, The Treatise that is Writ upon it, (and GIVEN GRATIS) Plainly Proves. Price 5s.

With Instructions Along with it, How Every Mother, or Nurse, is to manage her Child with it's TEETH, &c. which They are Often At a Loss, How to Do. And Wholesale 54s. a Dozen, Or SIX for 27s. To be Had, (The Person being Dead at Temple-Bar, that Used to Sell these NECKLACES) NOW at Mr. BURCHELL's, At the Sign of this Famous

ANODYNE NECKLACE,

In LONG-ACRE, Next Drury-Lane, London.

Also, The Famous Little Family Purging SUGAR PLUMS, (the Finest Cleansing Easy Purge, for Grown Persons, and WORMS, and Foul Gross Humors in CHILDREN)

With Printed Directions with them, 12d. A Dozen. Or Any Person may have One, 2, or 3, or as Few only of them, as they have a Mind for.—And, 10s. a Gross, or SIX Dozen, for 5s.

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